

Rare Animals of the World 3rd Series

Vol.4

South African Hedgehog

Assembly Instructions



Thank you for downloading this paper craft model of the South African Hedgehog. By matching the names and numbered parts in the instructions, you and your family can complete a paper craft model of this rare and precious animal.

- Assembly instructions: Seven A4-sized sheets.
- Paper craft: Three A4-sized sheets with 15 parts in all

These instructions apply only to the "South African Hedgehog."

These Paper Craft parts are easier to work with when printed out on strong, thick paper (like postcard stock).

*In creating these Paper Craft models we use 135kg Kent paper stock (0.18mm).

1

To begin

■ Tools and materials needed _____

-Ruler - scissors - blade cutter or "Exacto-knife" - awl or other pointed tool (for making a folding crease) - felt pen - pin set - glue - hand towel (for cleaning your fingers) - dictionary or other heavy book (to press the papers flat).

■ Items of Caution _____

*Take care when using sharp or pointed objects or when using bladed cutting tools. Place a heavy sheet of paper under the paper you want to cut.

*Use glue and other adhesives only in well-ventilated areas.

*When printing, use a slightly reduced font size. There may be differences in dimensions, depending on the type of printer used.

2

How to assemble

*Follow the working method and markings carefully.

*Cut carefully along the outer line with cutting blade, Exacto-knife or scissors.

One - point Advice

*Cut carefully with cutting blade, Exacto-knife or scissors.

*For folding parts, first use an awl or other pointed tool to make a light crease along the dotted or solid line. This will make the folds straight. Avoid making strong creases, as this will cause the paper to tear.

*As an adhesive, white wood glue is recommended. Avoid over application as this may cause the paper to wrinkle.

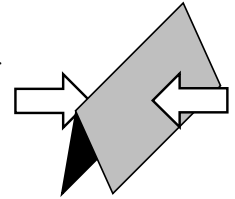
*Before beginning assembly, test adhesive amounts on extra paper.

*Occasionally, white spots will be apparent on folds and cuts. Use a marker or pencil to fill in these spots. It is recommended that this be done after each stage of assembly because coloring becomes more difficult once parts are assembled.

Basic working method and markings

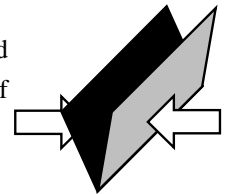
————— Solid lines

Fold along these lines. The printed surface should be on the outside of the folded shape.



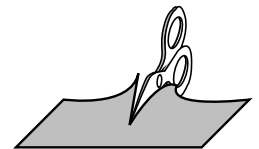
----- Broken lines

Fold along these lines. The printed surface should be on the inside of the folded shape.

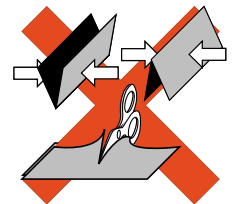


..... Dotted line

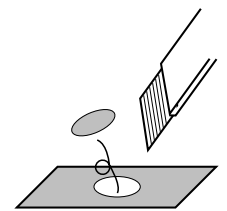
Cut along these lines.



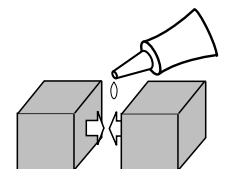
Do not fold or cut the parts marked X.



Cut out parts marked with an asterisk(*).



Red dots are the reference positions for gluing surfaces.



Please refer to the "Basic working method and markings" symbol chart on Page 2 to assemble each part.

Indication of Working Methods



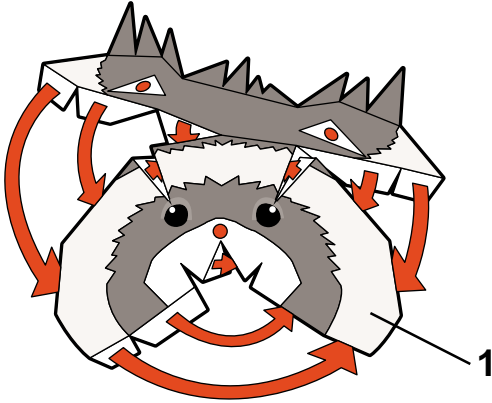
Fold or Curve



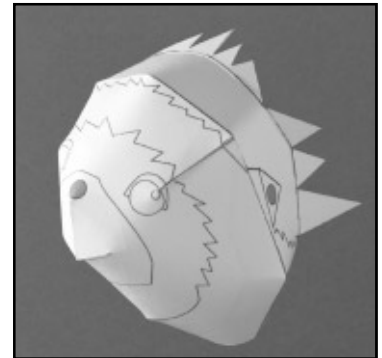
Glue

Instructions for South African Hedgehog

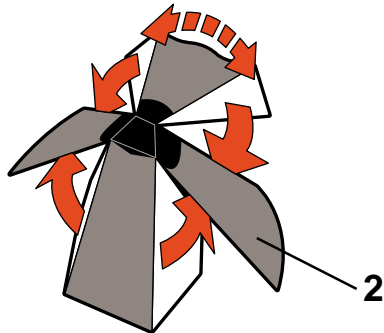
1. Assembly of Head Fold each relevant part according to the assembly symbols.



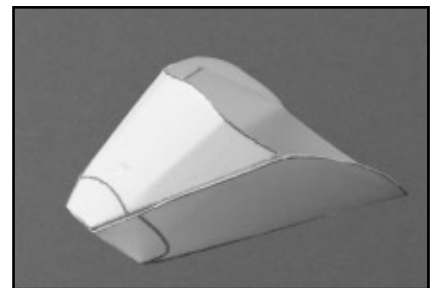
Reference photo



2. Assembly of Mouth

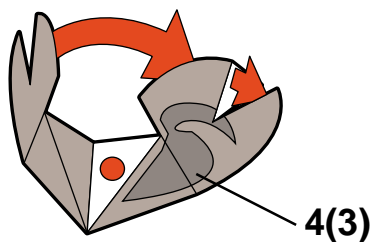


Reference photo

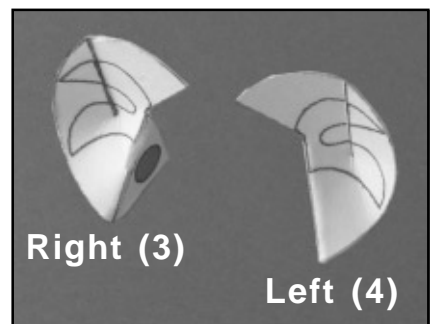


3. Assembly of Ears

*Assemble each part in pairs.



Reference photo



3 Assembly

Please refer to the "Basic working method and markings" symbol chart on Page 2 to assemble each part.

Indication of Working Methods



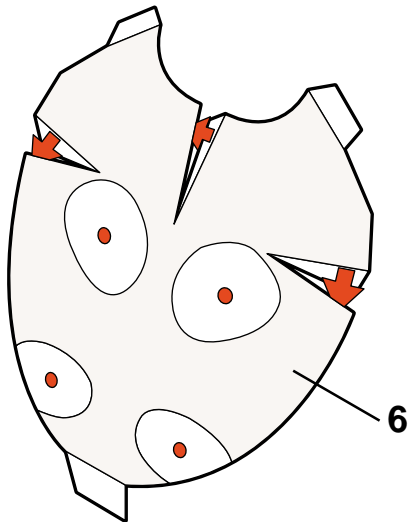
Fold or Curve



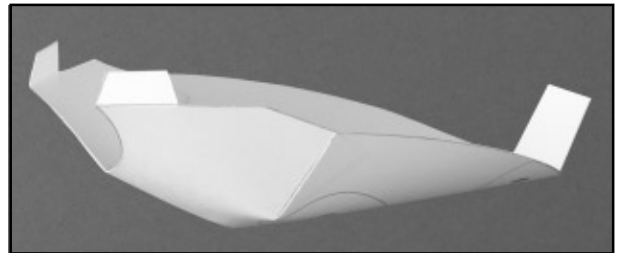
Glue

Instructions for South African Hedgehog

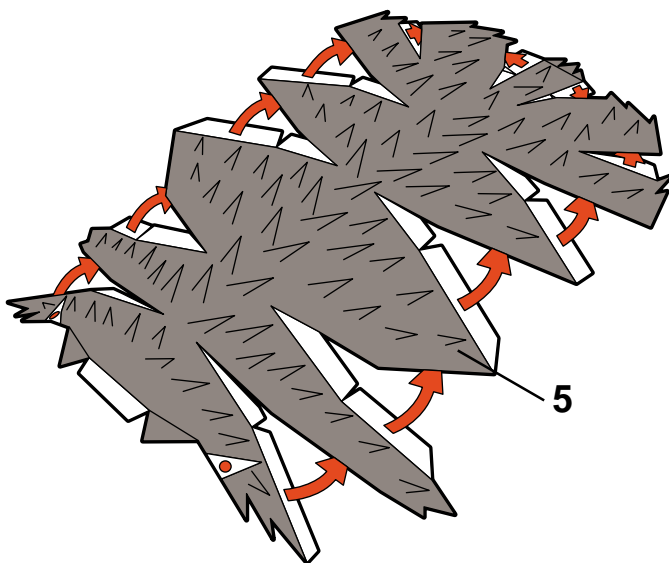
4.Assembly of Belly Fold each relevant part according to the assembly symbols.



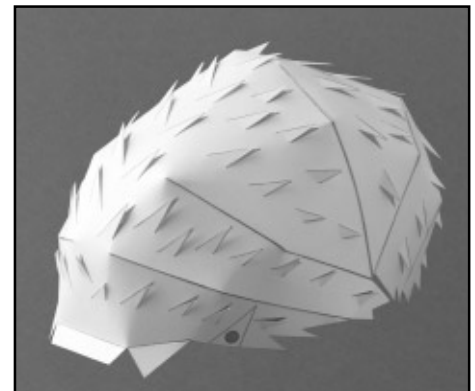
Reference photo



5.Assembly of Back



Reference photo



Please refer to the "Basic working method and markings" symbol chart on Page 2 to assemble each part.

Indication of Working Methods



Fold or Curve



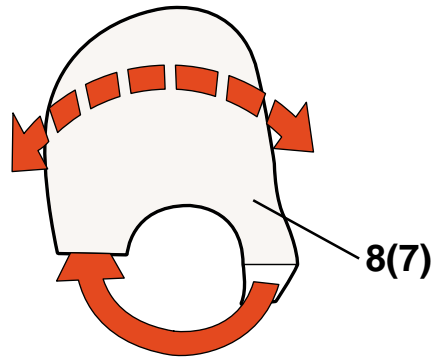
Glue

Instructions for South African Hedgehog

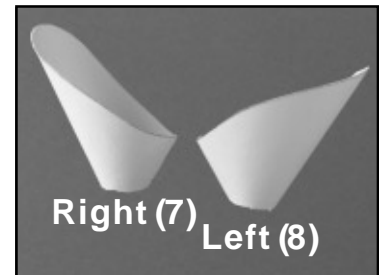
6. Assembly of Forelegs 1

Fold each relevant part according to the assembly symbols.

*Assemble each part in pairs.

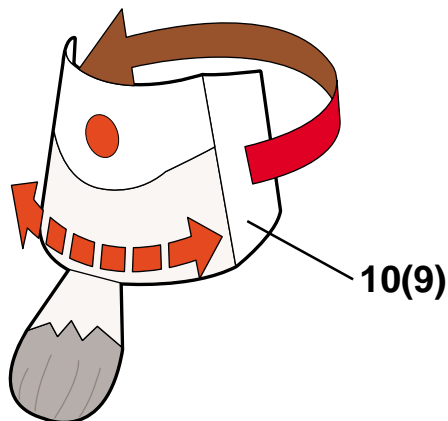


Reference photo

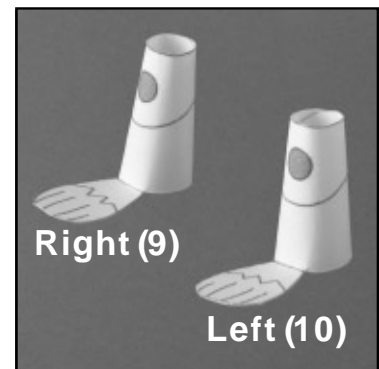


7. Assembly of Forelegs 2

*Assemble each part in pairs.

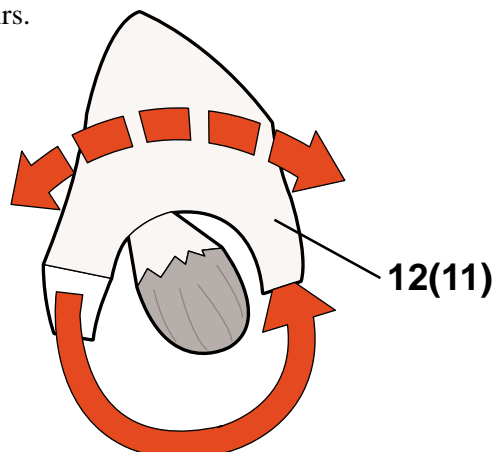


Reference photo

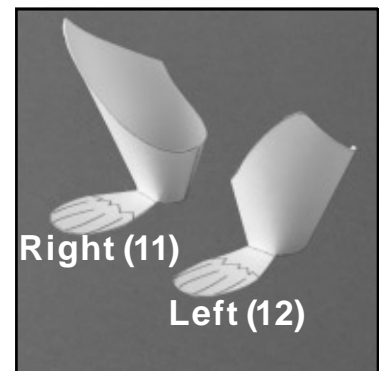


8. Assembly of Hind legs

*Assemble each part in pairs.



Reference photo



Please refer to the "Basic working method and markings" symbol chart on Page 2 to assemble each part.

Indication of Working Methods



Fold or Curve



Glue

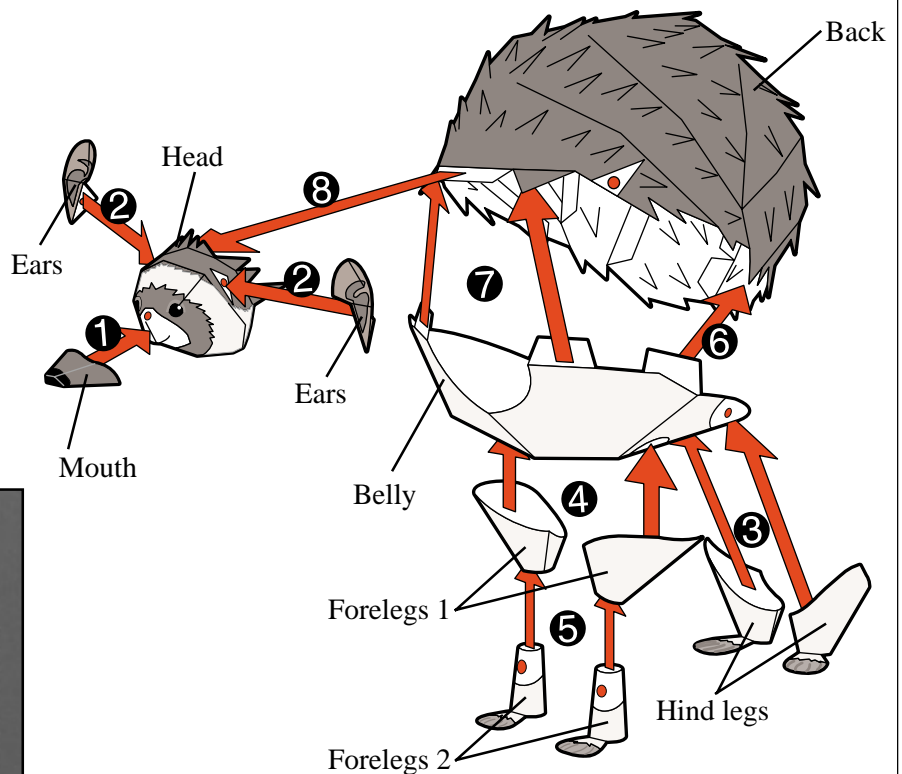
Instructions for South African Hedgehog

Please use the ● dots on each component as reference when gluing surfaces.

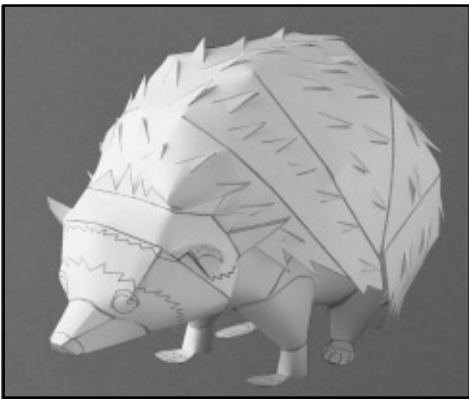
5. Finish Assemble according to steps ① through ⑧ .

Procedure

- ① Glue the muzzle to the head.
- ② Glue the ears to the part completed in ① .
- ③ Glue the Hind legs to the Belly.
- ④ Glue the Forelegs 1 to the Belly.
- ⑤ Glue the Forelegs 2 to the part completed in ④ .
- ⑥ Glue the part completed in ⑤ to the Back.
- ⑦ Glue the part completed in ⑤ to the Back.
- ⑧ Glue the parts completed in ⑦ and ② .



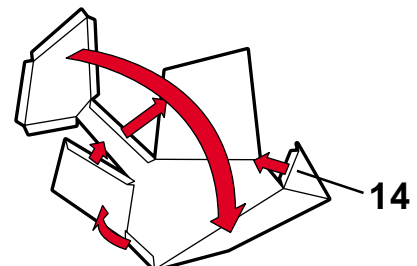
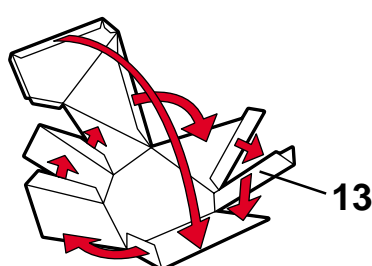
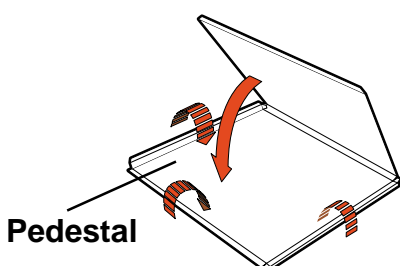
Reference photo



Assembly of the Pedestal

*Display the completed paper sculpture on the pedestal.

Assemble 13 - 14 and glue them on the pedestal where indicated.



4 Completion

Here are pictures of the completed models.
Please refer to them when assembling and painting.



Colored

South African Hedgehog

Photo of realistically colored paper sculpture.



Uncolored

South African Hedgehog

Uncolored sculpture with textured paper.



South African Hedgehog, Rare Animal

When sensing danger, the South African Hedgehog erects the previously flat quills and makes a high-pitched screech in order to intimidate the attacker. The body, quills, and face are dark or reddish brown, and there are conspicuous white band across the forehead, cheeks, and through the shoulders. Being nocturnal, they sleep in bushes and rock crevices during the day, and searches for food from dusk. The insectivorous animal particularly loves termites, but also eats a wide variety of food such as small reptiles, earthworms, and slugs. The breeding season is from December to March, and a litter is usually from two to seven. When born, hoglets have a fluid saturated membrane covering their quills. South African Hedgehogs are found in grassland, open thornveld, and shrubs in an arid region in southern Africa. They are frequently captured and sold as a pet by poachers and killed for food by indigenous people. However, it is agricultural development that is considered to have caused a large decline in the number of this species.